Master in Life Sciences

A cooperation between BFH, FHNW, HES-SO, ZFH

Module title	Advanced Sensory Techniques							
Code	F5							
Degree Programme	Master of Science in Life Sciences							
Group	Food							
Workload	3 ECTS (90 student working hours: 42 contact lessons = 32 h; self-study = 58 h)							
Module	Name: Pascale Deneulin							
Coordinator	Phone: +41 22 363 40 55							
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Lecturers	Pascale Deneulin, HES-SO, CHANGINS							
	Charlotte Bourcet, BFH							
	Annette Bongartz, ZHAW							
	Guest lecturers							
Entry requirements	Bachelor of Science in Life Sciences, basic sensory and statistical competences							
	Sensory competences: the student should be familiar with basic sensory techniques							
	(Discriminative analysis such as triangular test and two-out-of-five, Quantitative							
	Descriptive Analysis, consumer acceptance and preference test) and basic physiology							
	of human perception.							
	Statistical competences: the student should be able to manage data e.g. with R							
	software for descriptive analysis (Analysis of Variance, Chi-square test, Regression) and							
	have basic knowledge of multivariate analysis (such as Principal Component Analysis							
	and Clustering). It is recommended to attend the CC courses D1 ("Handling and							
	Visualising Data").							
	As preparation for the block week, students are required to read papers available on Moodle 4 weeks before the beginning of the course							
Learning outcomes	Moodle 4 weeks before the beginning of the course. After completing the module, students will be able to:							
and competences	 Conduct a sensory case study from the initial question to the conclusion 							
	 Manage a sensory tasting session (give instructions to panellists, train panellists) 							
	and validate performance, explain the sensory procedure, manage sample							
	presentation),							
	• Select the appropriate sensory technique from a wide range of tests depending the							
	objective of the study,							
	• Apply common and advanced sensory techniques to beverages and others food							
	products,							
	Manage statistical tools to process sensory data,							
	Illustrate the results with appropriate graphic representations,							
	Interpret the results and conclude,							
	• Consider consumer expectations in terms of external information (e.g. packaging,							
	medal) and marketing design,							
	Provide concrete recommendations based on sensory results in an industrial view.							
Module contents	The module focusses on sensory aspects of food with two mains thematic: consumer							
	acceptance/preference and descriptive analysis included new sensory methods. The							
	aim is to give an advanced level to food science master students to manage sensory							



	tests in connection with research and marketing questions taking the needs of the industry into account.							
	Sensory analysis in industrial context							
	Industry example: Use of consumer & sensory methods along the development							
	process							
	Neuroscience of tasting							
	How the brain makes sense of food sensory dimensions							
	Consumer perception							
	 Hedonic testing: application of qualitative and quantitative test methods in order to collect consumer acceptance data and consumer insights, taking the adequate number of consumers as well as target groups into account. 							
	 Correlation of data: identification of relevant analytical attributes (from sensory analysis and instrumental evaluations) in the context of consumer preference. 							
	What are the sensory cues and drivers of liking? Segmentation of consumers,							
	based on their sensory preference or consumer insights.							
	Internal and external preference mapping							
	Improvement of panel performance							
	Manage sensory panel: recruitment, training for Quantitative Descriptive							
	Analysis and evaluation of panel performance							
	Validate panel performance							
	Innovative sensory evaluation techniques							
	History and origin of developing new and faster sensory methods							
	• For each new method: principle and sensory test, application, statistical analysis,							
	pros and cons							
	 Verbal-based methods: Flash profile and Check-All-That-Apply 							
	 Similarity-based methods: Free sorting and Napping / Projective mapping 							
	 Reference-based methods: Polarized Sensory Positioning and Pivot profile 							
	Statistical data management							
	 Statistical methods to analyze sensory / consumer data 							
	 Statistical methods to correlate sensory / consumer data with marketing or 							
	instrumental data (chemistry, production parameters or other)							
Teaching / learning	 Previous self-study is mandatory – reading referenced papers 							
methods	Lectures with practical examples							
	 Sensory exercises (as panellist and as "panel leader") 							
	Practical data analysis							
	Final case-study							
	Active participation in the module is requested							
Assessment of	1. Case study (40%): the grade of case study included the practical part, data analysis,							
learning outcome	interpretation and oral presentation on Friday.							
	2. Written exam on Moodle, individual, open-book, final (60%)							
Format	Summer School							



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Timing of the	Spring semester, week 25								_	
module	Day of the block week	<1	1	2	3	4	5	>5		
	Contact teaching (lessons)		8	9	9	8	8			
	Self-study (hours)	11	2	2	2	2	2	37		
Venue	Mix of online and on-site lectures (in Changins)									
Bibliography	Final bibliography will be available on Moodle 4 weeks before the beginning of the									
	module.									
	Delarue, J., Lawlor, B, Rogeaux, M. (2014). Rapid Sensory Profiling Techniques. Application sin new product development and consumer research. <i>Ed. Woodhead Publishing</i> , 584p.									
	 Dehlholm, C., Brockhoff, P. B., Meinert, L., Aaslyng, M. D., & Bredie, W. L. P. (2012). Rapid descriptive sensory methods - Comparison of Free Multiple Sorting, Partial Napping, Napping, Flash Profiling and conventional profiling. <i>Food Quality and Preference, 26</i>(2), 267–277. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.foodqual.2012.02.012 Faye, P., Brémaud, D., Teillet, E., Courcoux, P., Giboreau, A., & Nicod, H. (2006). An alternative to external preference mapping based on consumer perceptive mapping. <i>Food Quality and Preference, 17</i>(7–8), 604–614. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.foodqual.2006.05.006 Lattey, K. A., Bramley, B. R., & Francis, I. L. (2010). Consumer acceptability, sensory properties and expert quality judgements of Australian Cabernet Sauvignon and Shiraz wines. <i>Australian Journal of Grape and Wine Research, 16</i>(1), 189–202. Valentin, D., Chollet, S., Lelièvre, M., & Abdi, H. (2012). Quick and dirty but still pretty good: a review of new descriptive methods in food science. <i>International Journal of Food Science & Technology, 47</i>(8), 1563–1578. https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1365-2621.2012.03022.x 									
Language	English									
Links to other	The present module will build on CC modules D1 ("Handling and Visualising Data") and									
modules	D3 ("Modelling and Exploration of Multivariate Data").									
Comments										
Last Update	02.08.2021									